



Year 1 RE Knowledge Organiser

What makes a place sacred?

What I should already know?



Knowledge:

- I know the Christian place of worship is a Church.
- I know the Jewish place of worship is a Synagogue.
- I know the Muslim place of worship is a Mosque.
(Learning from Reception)

Skills:

- I can recognise that people have different beliefs.
- I can make simple comparisons between different religions.

New Learning



- To consider places that make me feel safe.
- To describe places of worship that are sacred to Christians.
- To describe a synagogue and its features considering why it is sacred to Jewish people.
- To describe a Mosque and its features considering why it is sacred to Muslim people.
- To describe similarities and differences between places of worship.
- To give reasons for why places of worship are important to the community.

Famous Places Of Worship



Al-Aqsa Mosque is located in the Old City of Jerusalem and is an Islamic place of worship. The Mosque was first built in 705AD. The Mosque is the third most important place in Islam. Muslims believe that Muhammad went from the sacred Mosque in Mecca to the Al-Aqsa Mosque in the story of the 'Night Journey'.



Key Vocabulary



Vocabulary	Definition
 safe	To feel free from the risk of harm.
 sacred	Something that is connected to religion.
 worship	To show devotion and love.
 community	A group of people who live closely together or share similar interests.
 comparison	To say what is similar or different.

Sticky Knowledge

Christianity

- A Christian follows the religion of Christianity.
- The Christian place of worship is a church.
- The Christian holy book is the Bible.
- The symbol of Christianity is the cross.



Judaism

- A Jewish person follows the religion of Judaism.
- The Jewish place of worship is a Synagogue.
- The Jewish holy book is the Torah.
- The symbol of Judaism is the star of David.



Islam

- A Muslim follows the religion of Islam.
- The Muslim place of worship is a Mosque.
- The Muslim holy book is the Qur'an.
- The symbol of Islam is the crescent and the star.





Year 2 RE Knowledge Organiser

How can we learn from sacred books?

What I should already know?



Knowledge:

- I know the Christian Holy Book is The Bible.
- I know the Jewish Holy Book is The Torah.
- I know the Muslim Holy Book is The Qur'an. (Learning from Year 1)

Skills:

- I can recognise that people have different beliefs.
- I can make simple comparisons between different religions.
- I can retell key stories that might show what Christians think and feel about God.

Famous Places Of Worship



La Sagrada Familia is a large basilica in Barcelona, Spain which was designed by Antoni Gaudi. It is a large Roman Catholic church and although it is not finished it is still considered a UNESCO world heritage site.



Sticky Knowledge

Christianity

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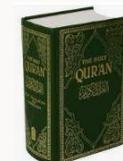
Judaism

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Islam

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Key Vocabulary



New Learning



- To consider what stories are special to me and why.
- To discuss the meaning behind the parable The Lost Sheep.
- To consider how the Bible tells us to treat others.
- To explain how holy books should be treated.
- To consider what we can learn from the Prophet Muhammad.
- To retell the stories of Jonah from Jewish and Christian holy texts.

Vocabulary

Definition



holy

Sacred to a particular religion.



sacred

Something that is connected to religion.



parable

A short story told to teach a moral.



rules

A law or direction that guides behaviour or actions.



storyteller

A person who tells stories.



Year 3 RE Knowledge Organiser

Why do people pray?

What I should already know?



Knowledge:

- I know the Christian Holy Book is called the Bible.
- I know devout Christians know the Lord's prayer.
- I know Christian's use prayer as a way to talk to God.
- I know there aren't any 'rules' about how Christians pray.
- I know Christians can pray anytime and anywhere. (Learning from Year 1)

Skills:

- I can identify artefacts that are special to different religions.
- I can talk and explain ways in which symbols and actions used in places of worship show what people believe.
- I can consider similarities and differences between different religions.

New Learning



- To consider what prayer is and how people would find it useful.
- To understand how Muslims people find benefits from praying five times per day.
- To explore Christians believe about God and prayer.
- To explore how Hindus express the meanings of prayer and worship.
- To find similarities and differences between religions and the prayer the use.
- To consider my own believes and ways of life to do with prayer.

Famous Places Of Worship



London Central Mosque is an Islamic place of worship located on the edge of Regents Park in central London. It was designed by Frederick Gibbered in 1977 and has a large golden dome and minaret. The Mosque can hold 5,000 worshippers at any one time.

Key Vocabulary



Vocabulary	Definition
 prayer	The act of asking God or another spiritual being to use his or her powers.
 symbols	An object or picture that represents and links to something else.
 shrine	A sacred place or object that is devoted to a holy person or god.
 Makkah (Mecca)	Mecca is the place where the Islamic religion started. It is where Prophet Muhammad was born and received the first revelations from Allah.
 Puja tray	Each Hindu shrine contains a Puja tray, which holds a number of items for worship. These include a bell, incense, kum kum powder and a diva lamp.

Sticky Knowledge

Christianity

- A Christian follows the religion of Christianity.
- The Christian place of worship is a church.
- The Christian holy book is the Bible.
- The symbol of Christianity is the cross.

Islam

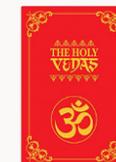
- A Muslim follows the religion of Islam.
- The Muslim place of worship is a Mosque.
- The Muslim holy book is the Qur'an.
- The symbol of Islam is the crescent and the star.



Mecca, Saudi Arabia

Hinduism

- A Hindu follows the religion of Hinduism.
- The Hindu place of worship is a Mandir.
- The Hindu holy book is the Vedas.
- The symbol of Hinduism is called the Om.





Year 4 RE Knowledge Organiser

Why do some people think life is like a journey and what significant experiences mark this?

What I should already know?



Knowledge:

- I know a Baptism is a celebration that welcomes a child into the Christian Church.
- I know at a Christian wedding the couple exchange vows.
- I know most Christians will get married in a church.
(Learning from Year 1)

Skills:

- I can recognise the symbols of belonging to different faiths.
- I can make connections between different religions.
- I can consider similarities and differences between different religions.

New Learning



- To describe how life is seen as a journey to some people.
- To consider the importance and significance to Christians of different forms of baptism.
- To describe what happens at a Jewish Bar or Bat Mitzvah ceremony.
- To describe Hindu beliefs about the journey of life and death.
- To explore similarities and differences between wedding ceremonies for two different communities.
- To consider the reason why some people describe life as a journey.

Famous Places Of Worship



Brihadisvara Temple is a Hindu temple dedicated to Shiva. It is one of the largest temples in India. The temple was completed in 1010AD and the temple turned 1000 years old in 2010. The temple is part of the UNESCO World Heritage Site known as the "Great Living Chola Temples."

Key Vocabulary



Vocabulary	Definition
journey	A long trip from one place to another.
ambition	A strong desire to reach a goal.
vows	A serious promise or pledge.
milestone	An important event or turning point in history or in a person's life.
reincarnation	Hindu belief is that life is a journey from one body to another and each life itself a journey from birth to death.

Sticky Knowledge

Christianity

- A Christian follows the religion of Christianity.
- The Christian place of worship is a church.
- The Christian holy book is the Bible.
- The symbol of Christianity is the cross.

Judaism

- A Jewish person follows the religion of Judaism.
- The Jewish place of worship is a Synagogue.
- The Jewish holy book is the Torah.
- The symbol of Judaism is the star of David.

Hinduism

- All Hindus believe that life, death and rebirth are a continuous process that we are all part of.
- Many gods are worshipped in Hinduism. Each Hindu god is said to be a different part of the supreme God 'Brahman'.
- Hindus believe that God can be seen in a person or an animal. They believe that God is in everybody.
- As well as visiting temples, Hindus worship God in their own homes and most houses have either a room or corner in which there is a family shrine.





Year 5 RE Knowledge Organiser

What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today?

What I should already know?



Knowledge:

- I know the Muslim place of worship is the Mosque and the holy book is called the Qu'ran. (Learning from Year 1)
- I know that some people fast during Ramadan. (Learning from Year 2)
- I know that the ending of Ramadan is Eid-Il-Fitr. (Learning from Year 2)
- I know that Muslim prayer is performed five times a day, always facing in the direction of Mecca.
- Many Muslims make the pilgrimage to Mecca the place where the religion of Islam started. (Learning from Year 3)

Skills:

- I can recognise the symbols of belonging to different faiths.
- I can ask questions about how believers show commitments within their faith.

New Learning



- To consider what people might need to support them on the journey of life.
- To describe the key belief of Muslims and explain how it affects their life.
- To describe how and why Muslim people pray.
- To describe the pillar of Zakah and explain who money is given to and why.
- To describe what happens on a pilgrimage and why it is significant for Muslim people.
- To describe the five pillars of Islam and explain how these effect the daily life of Muslims.

Famous Places Of Worship



The Great Mosque of Mecca, contains a cube-shape structure called the Ka'bah- the holiest shrine in Islam. It is one of the destinations of the hajj, a pilgrimage that every Muslim must take at least once in their lifetime. The mosque is also called the Holy Mosque or the Haram Mosque.

Key Vocabulary



Vocabulary	Definition
 pilgrimage	A journey made to a sacred place as an act of religious devotion.
 spiritual	Linking to people's religious beliefs.
 charity	A group or organization that helps people in need.
 Rak'at	The name used for the series of movements performed during Salat prayer.
 fasting	During Ramadan, Muslims fast by not eating or drinking each day from sunrise until sunset.

Sticky Knowledge

Islam

- Islam is the world's second-largest religion.
- Muslims are monotheistic, which means they only believe in one God who they call Allah, the Arabic name for God.
- Muslims believe that Allah sent many prophets to Earth to give his message. A prophet is someone who speaks for God on Earth. For Muslims, a man called Muhammad was the final prophet of Allah. He was responsible for starting the faith of Islam and is referred to as the Messenger of God or the Prophet.
- Friday is the Muslim holy day, the time of the week when Muslims go to the mosque and pray.
- Ramadan is the ninth month of the Islamic calendar; during Ramadan Muslims fast (consume no food or drink) from just before dawn until sunset.

The Five Pillars of Islam

The Five Pillars are a set of religious duties that Muslims use as a framework for their belief and life.

The Shadah

A belief that there is no God but Allah and that Muhammad is his messenger.

Salah

Praying five times a day.

Zakat

Making an annual charitable donation to help the poor.

Sawm

Fasting during the month of Ramadan.

Hajj

Attending the pilgrimage to Makkah once in your lifetime.



Year 6 RE Knowledge Organiser

What do religions say to us when life gets hard?

What I should already know?



Knowledge:

- I know Hindu worship is known as Puja.
- I know Hindus believe in Dharma which means duty in Hinduism.
(Learning from Year 3)
- I know Hindus believe in Reincarnation, the belief is that life is a journey from one body to another and each life itself a journey from birth to death.
(Learning from Year 4)

Skills:

- I can compare similarities between different faiths.
- I can ask thoughtful questions and suggest some answers.

New Learning



- To consider questions such as what happens after we die?
- To describe the impact that the belief that have a soul might have on the way someone might live their life.
- To describe the Hindu belief of reincarnation and karma.
- To consider the impact for a Christian of a belief in judgement.
- To describe what might happen in a Christian funeral explaining how it shows some Christian beliefs about life after death.
- To compare similarities and differences between non-religious and Christian beliefs about life after death.

Famous Places Of Worship



The Metropolitan Cathedral is located in Rio de Janeiro and was built in 1979. The cathedral had four rectangular stained glass windows from floor to ceiling. The cathedral has a conical shape and is dedicated to Saint Sebastian, the patron saint of Rio de Janeiro.



Key Vocabulary



Vocabulary	Definition
 soul	The part of human beings separate from the physical body that is thought of as the center of feeling, thought and spirit.
 karma	Hindus believe that your actions determine your future in this life or in other incarnations.
heaven	A place where good people are believed in some religions to be rewarded with eternal life after death.
 judgement	Carefully making a decision.
 funeral	A ceremony to mark the end of somebody's life.

Sticky Knowledge

Christianity

- **Christianity is the world's largest religion.**
- People who follow Christianity are called Christians.
- **Christians have one God**, who they believe created the world in just six days and continues to watch over it.
- Christians believe that God is everywhere and sees and knows everything.
- Today there are about 2.2 billion Christians in the world - almost a third of the world's population.
- **Christians got their name because of their belief in Jesus Christ**, a preacher and healer who lived more than 2000 years ago in Israel in the Middle East.
- Jesus was born to an ordinary Jewish couple, Mary and Joseph, in Bethlehem. Most children know the famous Nativity story which describes his birth.
- Christians believe that Jesus was the son of God, sent down to earth to save people and teach them about God.
- The word Christ comes from a Greek word meaning Messiah, God's chosen one.

Hinduism

- Many Hindus are vegetarians (do not eat meat) because of their respect for life.
- Most **Hindus** who do eat meat do not eat beef. Some do not even use leather products. They see the cow as a sacred animal.